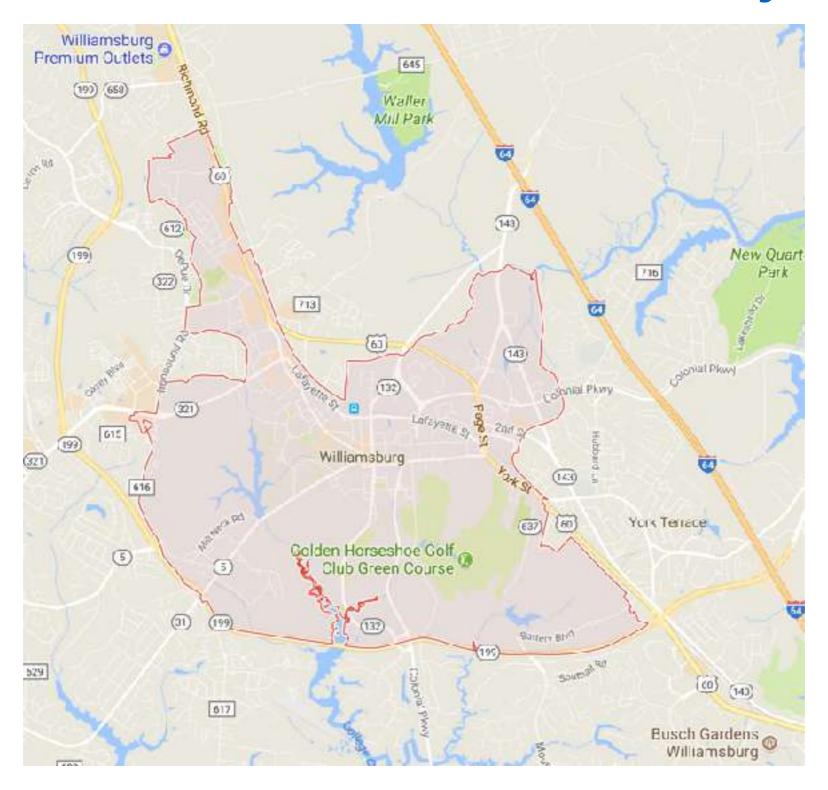
# Open Source Licensing: The Challenges and Current Support for Developers

Christopher Vendome cvendome@cs.wm.edu

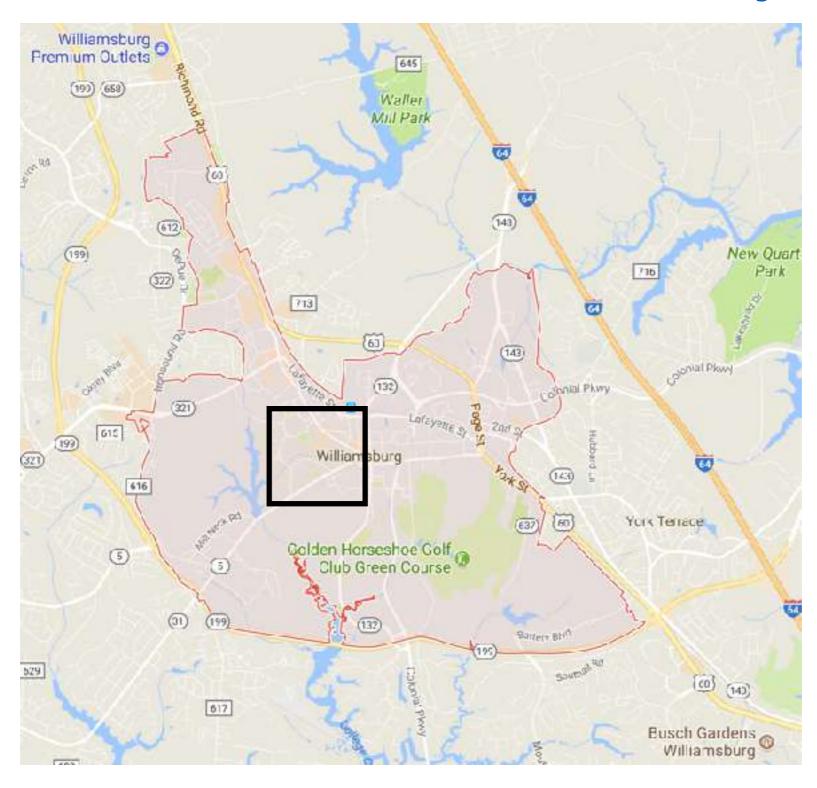




### Where is William & Mary?



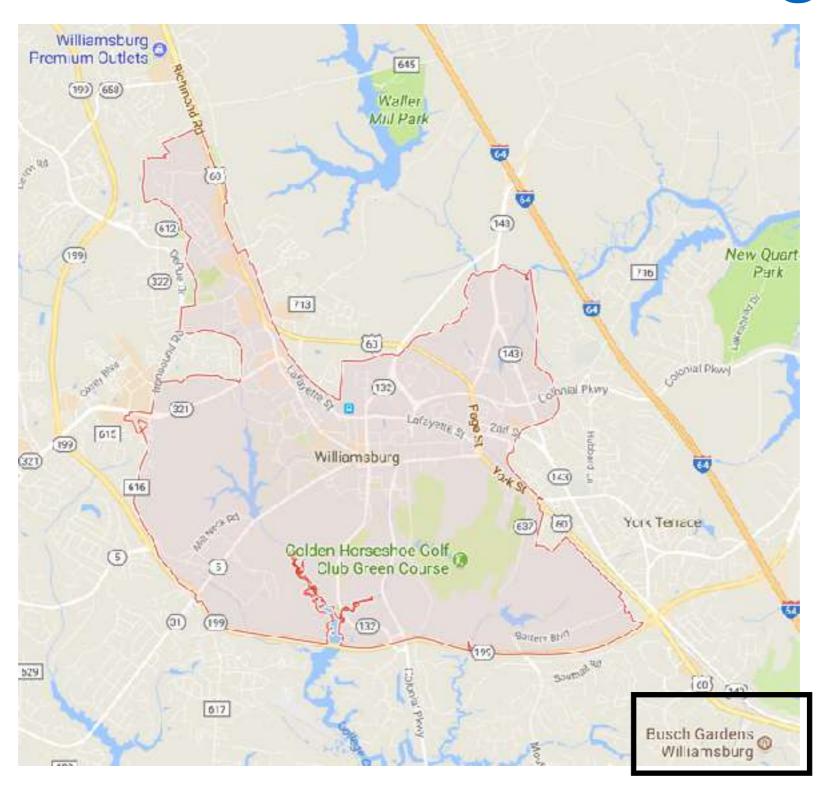
### Where is William & Mary?



# College of William & Mary



### More about Williamsburg



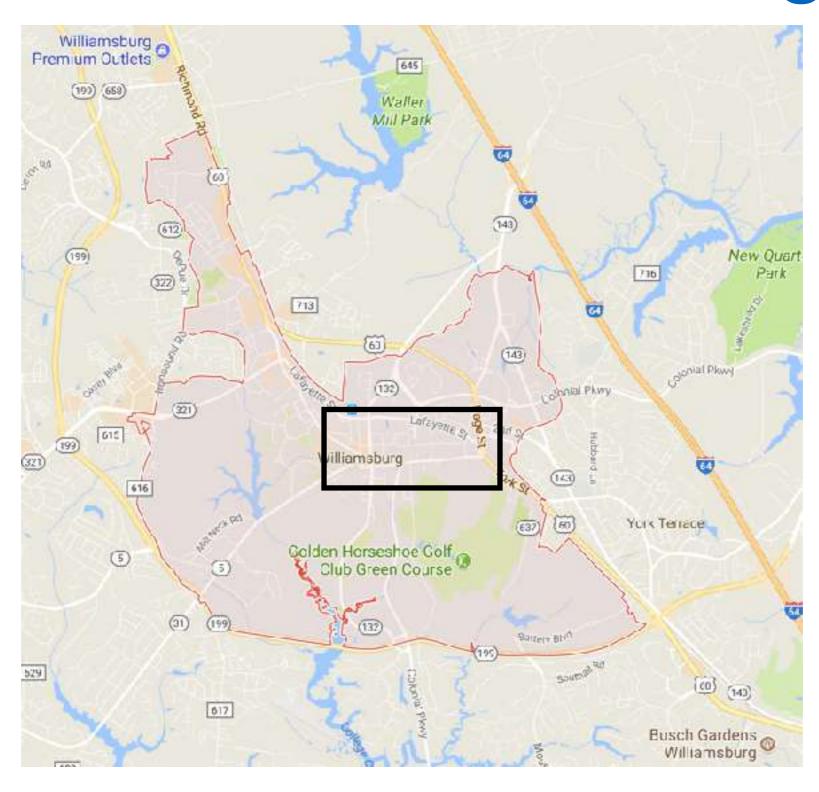
#### Busch Gardens







#### More about Williamsburg



# Colonial Williamsburg







#### Main Research Interests

Open Source Software Licensing

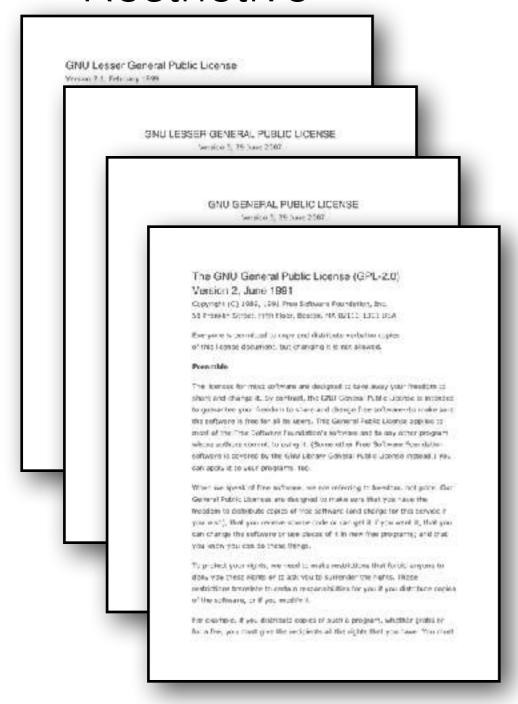
Code Clone Detection and Provenance

Mining Software Repositories

Android Development and Testing

# Open Source Software Licensing

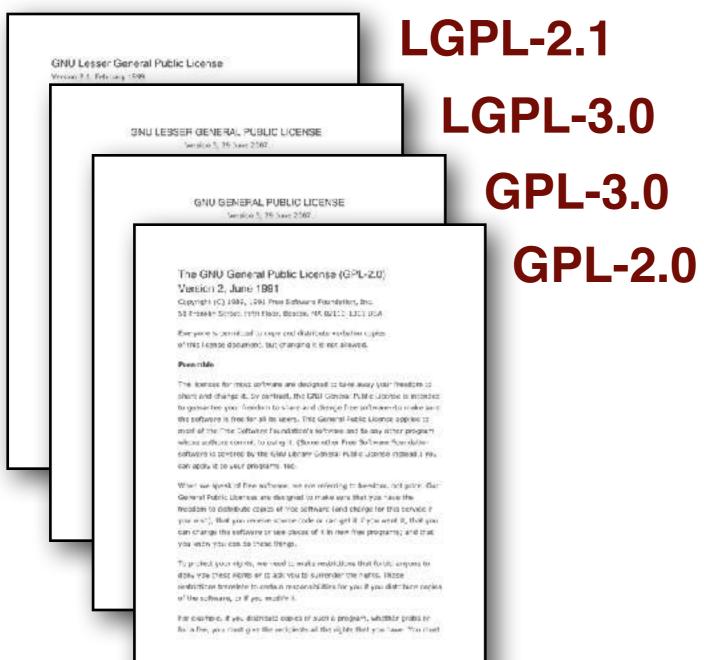
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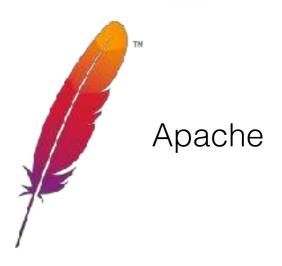
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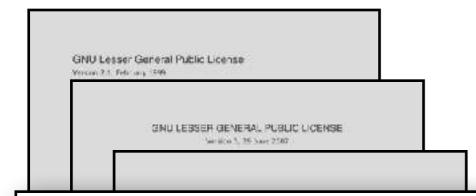
Apache-2.0

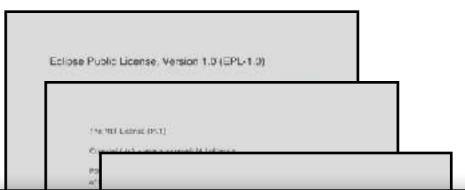




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/* **** BEGIN LICENSE BLOCK ****
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 * The contents of this file are subject to the Mozilla Public License Version
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 * and other provisions required by the GPL or the LGPL. If you do not delete
 * the provisions above, a recipient may use your version of this file under
 * the terms of any one of the MPL, the GPL or the LGPL.
 * **** END LICENSE BLOCK **** */
#include "nsXULAppAPI.h"
                                                       Copyright
                                                                      Copyright
                                                       statement
#ifdef XP WIN
                                   Contributor
```

year

#### Software License Example

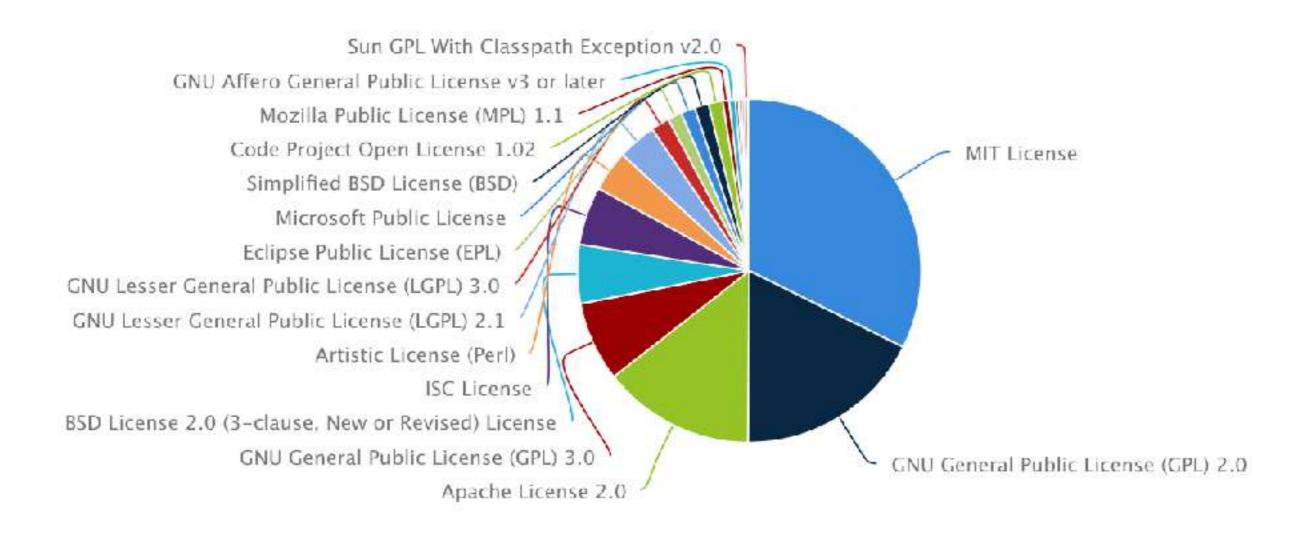
```
/* -*- Mode: C++; tab-width: 2; indent-tabs-mode: nil; c-basic-offset: 2 -*- */
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#include "nsXULAppAPI.h"
#ifdef XP\_WIN

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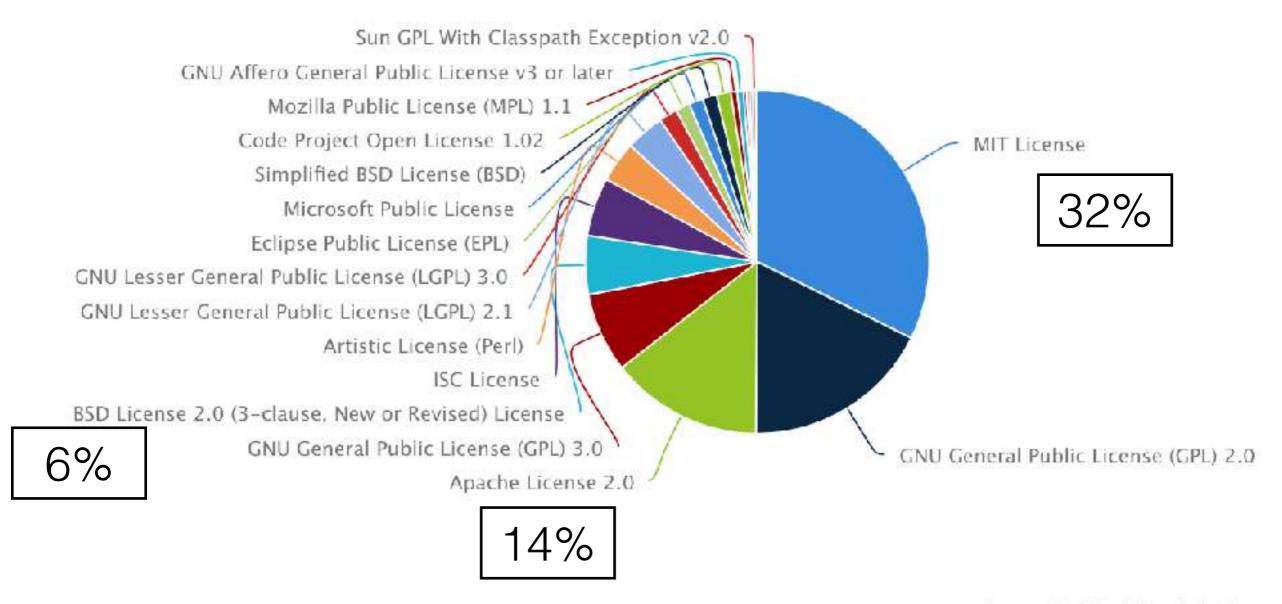
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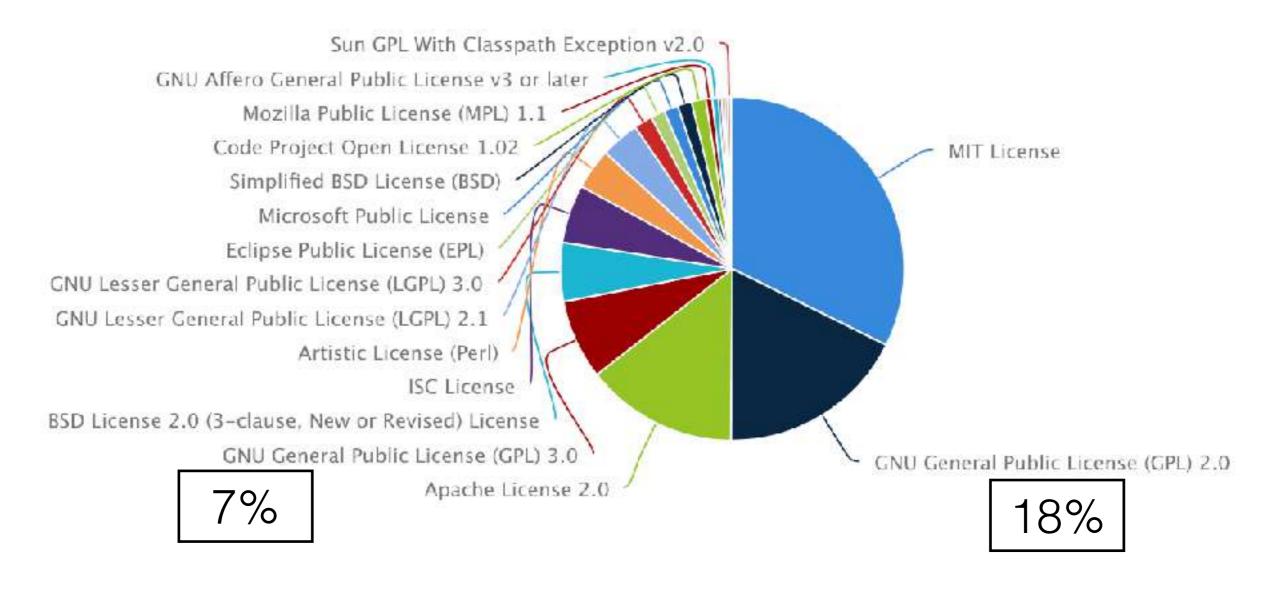
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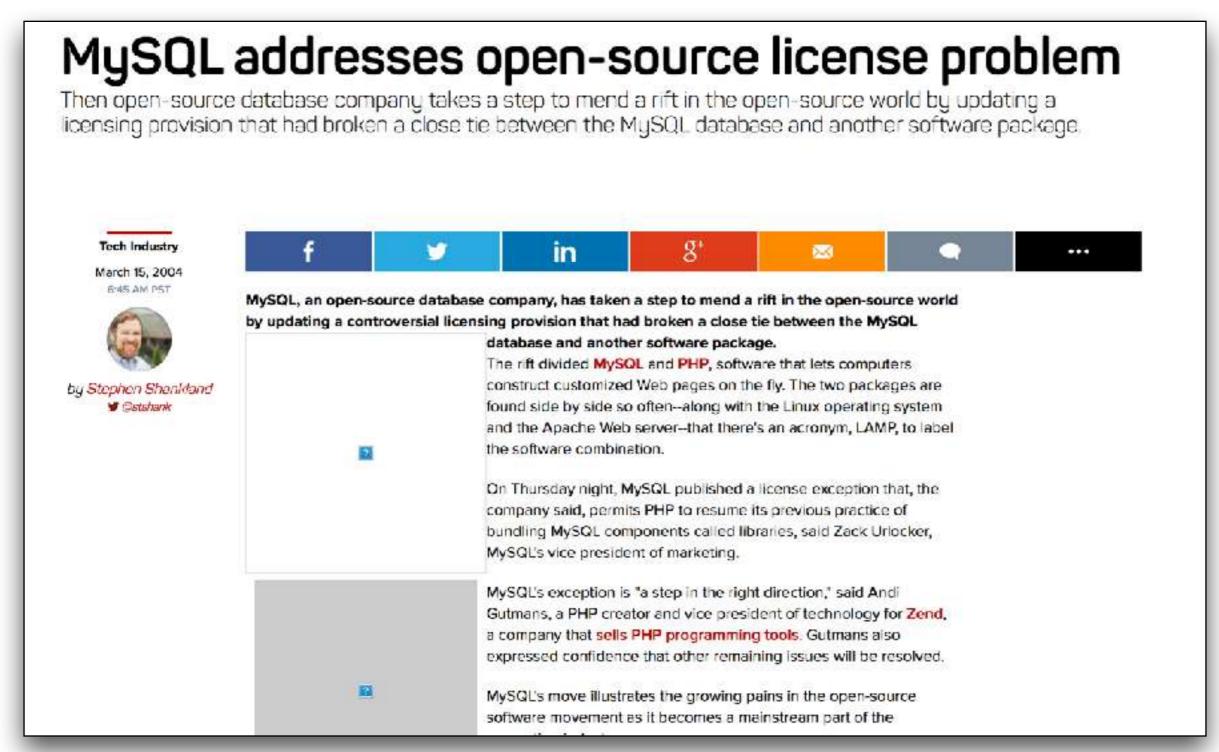
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# Is Licensing a Really That Important?

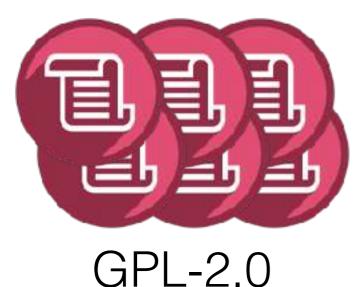




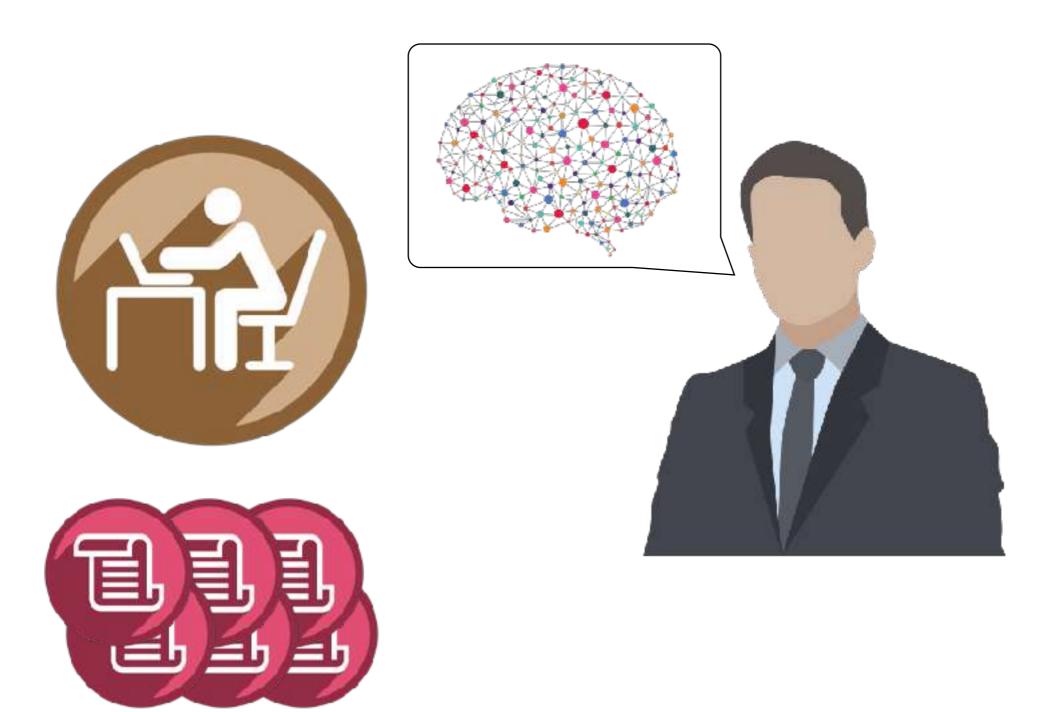


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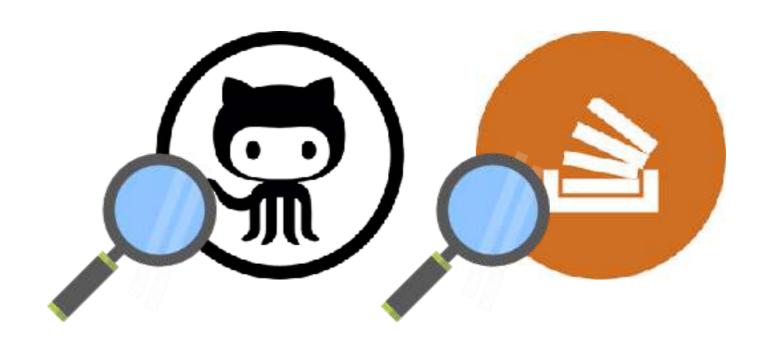






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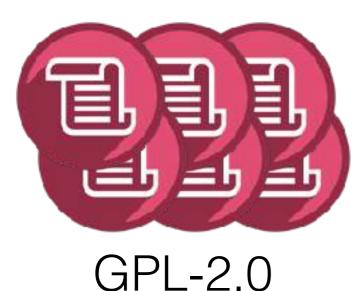






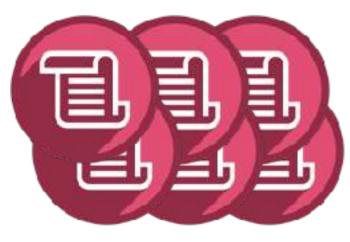
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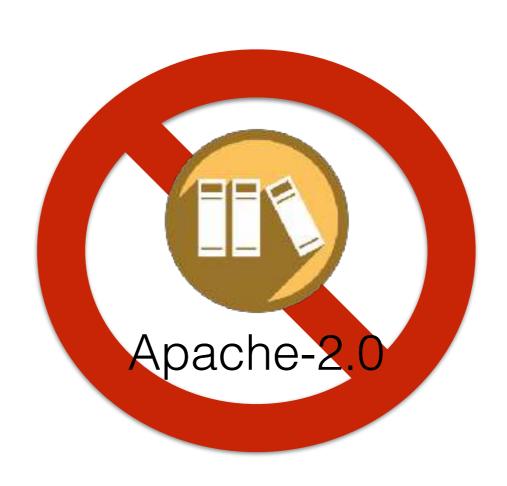








**GPL-2.0** 



# Copyright Implications

## Update: Oracle awarded \$1.3 billion in SAP lawsuit

The amount is slightly less than what Oracle's damages expert recommended but far more than SAP said it should pay

















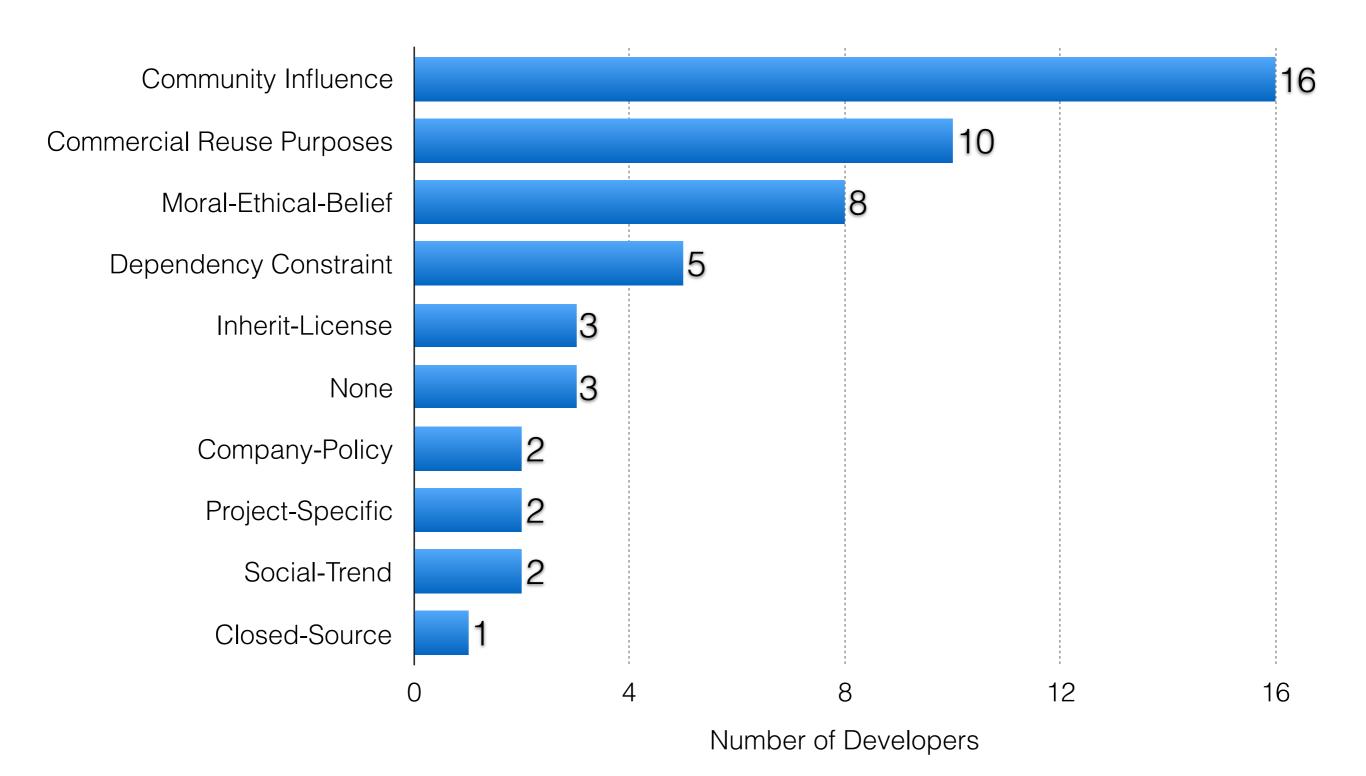


By James Niccolai Deputy News Editor, IDG News Service | NOV 23, 2010

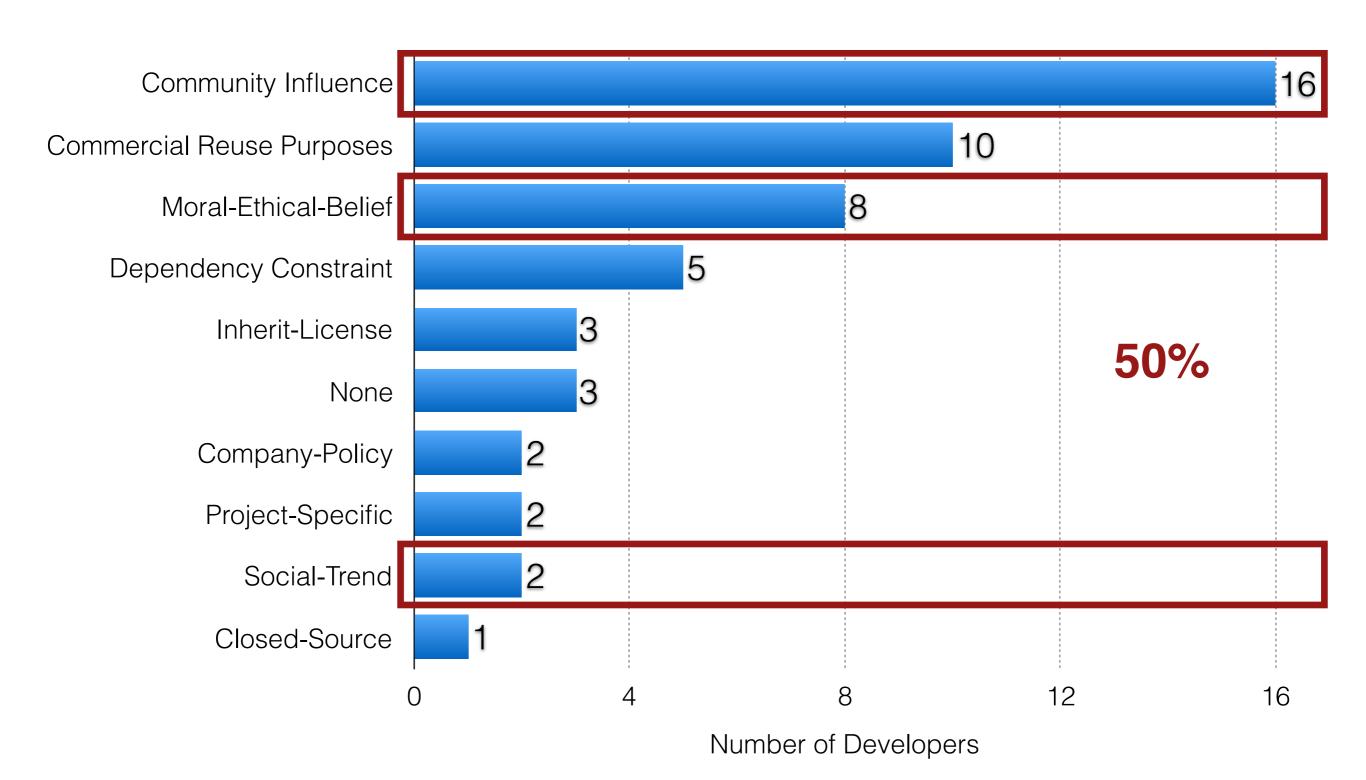
A jury has awarded Oracle \$1.3 billion in damages in its corporate theft lawsuit against SAP, a blow to the German applications vendor, which had argued it should pay just \$40 million for the software stolen by its TomorrowNow subsidiary.

# Picking a License

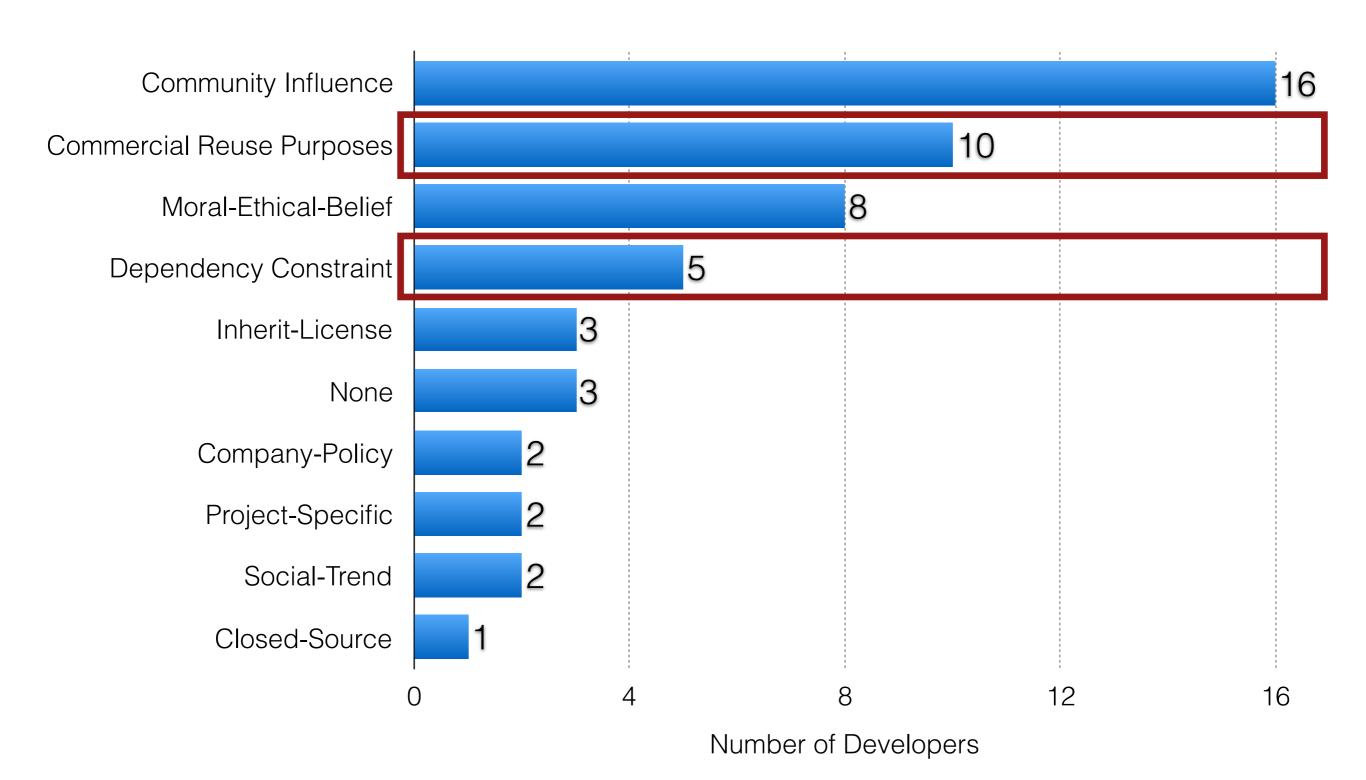
## Reasons for License Adoption



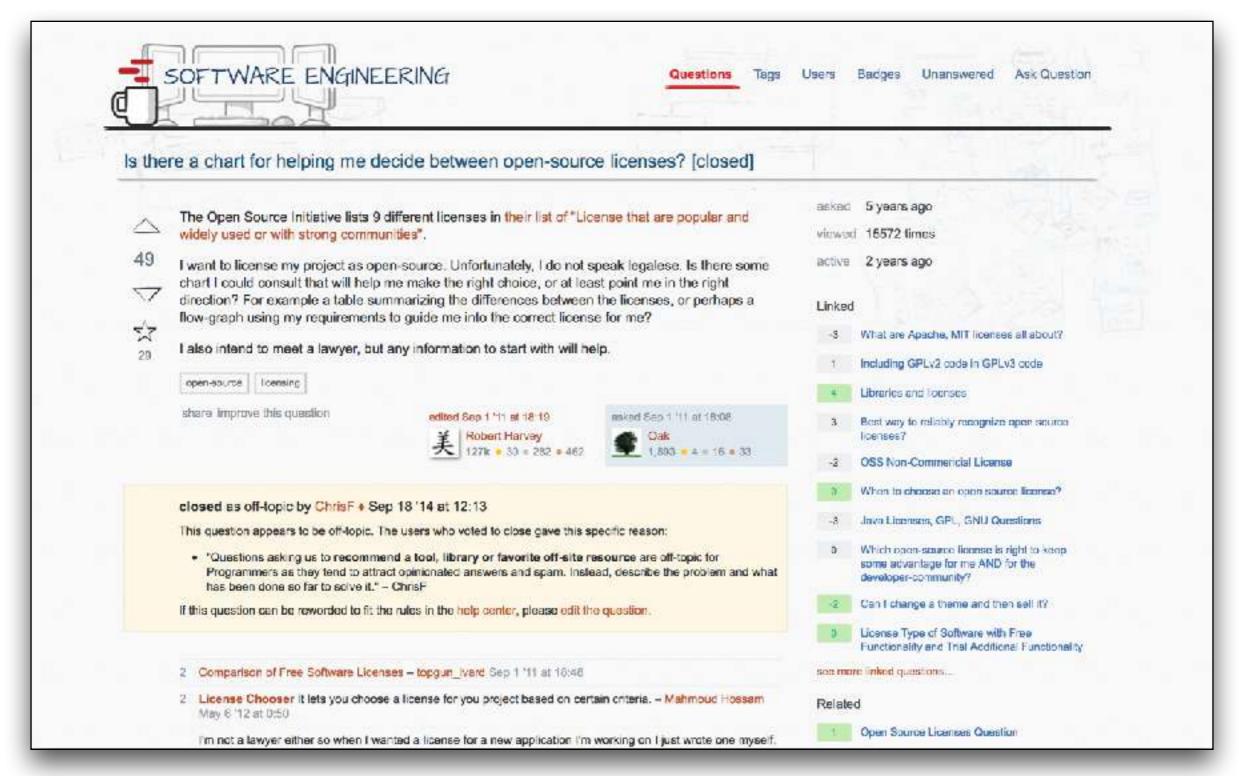
## Reasons for License Adoption



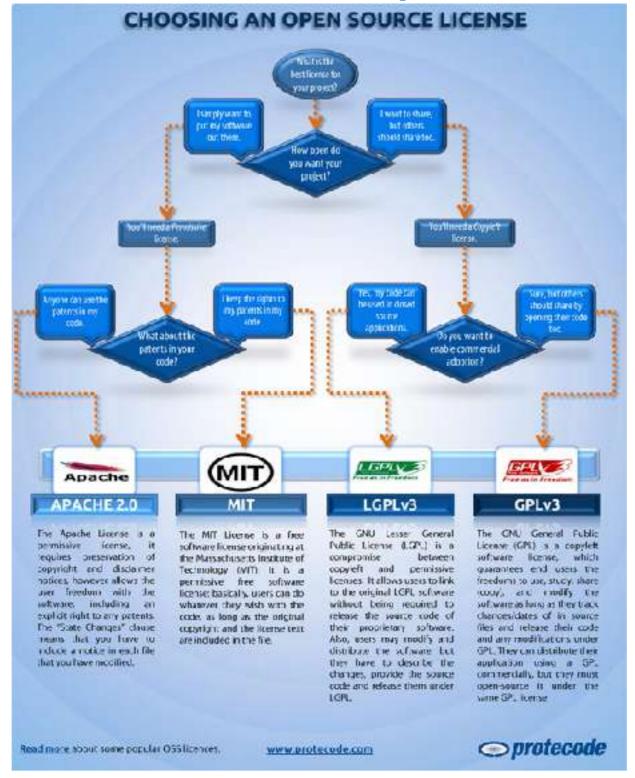
## Reasons for License Adoption



# Developer Difficulty



# Resources to Help Pick



http://www.protecode.com/choosing-open-source-license-infogrpahic/

# Resources to Help Pick

## Licence differentiator

This tool attempts to help its users understand their own preferences in relation to free and open source software licences. It is no substitute for reading the licences themselves, and before placing any of your property under one of these licences, it is essential that you fully read and understand your chosen licence. The classifications of licence type that enable this tool to work are by necessity somewhat reductive, and therefore output of this tool cannot and must not be thought of as legal advice.



REMEMBER: ALWAYS READ AND UNDERSTAND YOUR CHOSEN LICENCE.

### Choice One

Do you want to limit the results to licences that the Open Source Initiative describe as being "popular and widely used or with strong communities"?

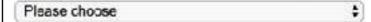
This will guarantee that the licence will be 'mainstream' at the possible expense of some more esoteric but possibly useful characteristics.

## Choice Two (a)

All Free and Open Source I cences will allow others to make modified versions of your code, and to make these modified versions available to others. Your licence can make conditions about how this happens - specifically what I cences can be used on these modified versions. These conditions can help keep your code free, but they can also put some people off reusing your code.

Do you want to include licensing conditions on reuse?

If not, your licence will be one of the so-called 'permissive' licences.



### Choice Three

A 'jurisdiction' refers to a specific location or territory and its system of law. Where a licence specifies a jurisdiction, the licensor and the licensee(s) agree that the terms in the licence are to be understood in reference to that jurisdiction's law and that legal action resulting from breach of the licence's terms

# Resources to Help Pick

## Choose an open source license

Which of the following best describes your situation?



The MIT License is a permissive license that is short and to the point. It lets people do anything they want with your code as long as they provide attribution back to you and don't hold you liable.

jQuery, .NET Core, and Reils use the MIT License.



I'm concerned about patents.

The Apache License 2.0 is a permissive license similar to the MIT License, but also provides an express grant of patent rights from contributors to users.

Android, Apache, and Swift use the Apache License 2.0.



I care about sharing improvements.

The GNU GPLv3 is a copyleft license that requires anyone who distributes your code or a derivative work to make the source available under the same terms, and also provides an express grant of patent rights from contributors to users.

Bash, GIMP, and Privacy Badger use the GNU GPLv3.

What if none of these work for me?

My project isn't software. I want more choices.

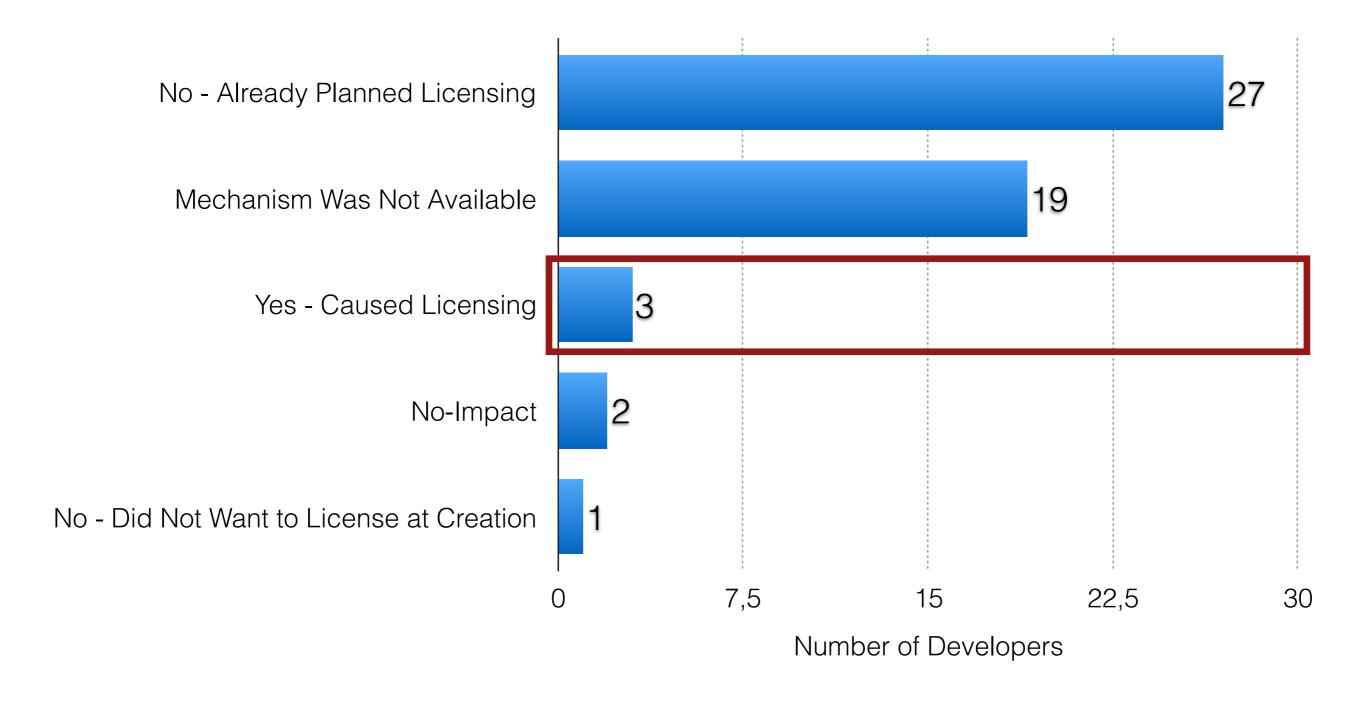
I don't want to choose a license.

There are licenses for that,

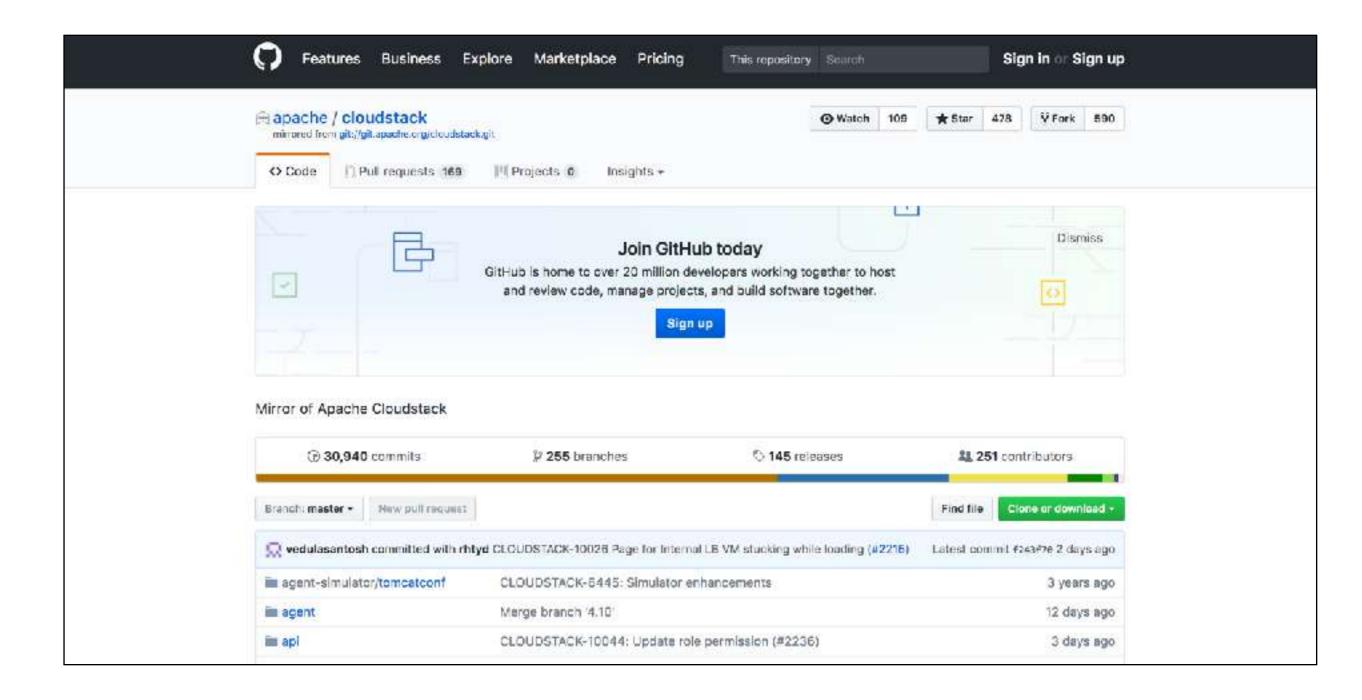
More licenses are available.

You don't have to.

# Limited Impact of Resources



# Identifying Licenses



T 34200000000		
m test	CLOUDSTACK-10044: Update role permission (#2236)	3 days ago
too's	README: Repo has moved (#2235)	4 days ago
See ul	CLOUDSTACK-10026 Page for Internal LB VM stucking while loading (#2215)	2 days ago
usage usage	Updating pom.xml version numbers for release 4.11.0.0-SNAPSHOT	a month ago
utils utils	CLOUDSTACK-10036: Decreasing timeout of failing unit test (#2228)	6 сауз вдо
mvmware-base	Updating pom.xml version numbers for release 4.11.0.0-SNAPSHOT	a month ago
gitignore	CLOUDSTACK-9462: Build packages on Ubuntu 14.04/18.04 and support tom	4 months ago
ava-version	CLOUDSTACK-9710: Switch to JRE1.8	7 months ago
python-version	python-version: Use default to system provided version	23 days ago
[-] .travis.yml	CLOUDSTACK-992B: Allow native CloudStack users to change password in UI	a month ago
CHANGES.md	dummy commit to far PR close #95	3 years ago
□ CONTRIBUTING.md	updated contributio.md	a year ago
E) INSTALL md	CLOUDSTACK-9408: Fix download urls in sol and scripts	4 months ago
LICENSE	SysVM: Cleanup and removal of old (and dangerous) config files	a year ago
E LICENSE.IIBAUE	Mud license check progin to root point bisabled for the entire project	4 years ago
F NOTICE	Update NOTICE to account for updated  Query version	3 years ago
README.md	Change the README link for event page to the current ACS CCCs website	7 months ago
configure-info.in	License header updates for misc files	5 years ago
pcm.xml	Updating pom.xml version numbers for release 4,11.0.0-SNAPSHOT	a month ago
requirements.txt	Switched to the official SolidFire SDK for Python	11 months ago
version-info.in	No more ant_args	5 years ago

# GitHub improves open-source licensing polices

GitHub, the popular open-source development community site, is finally getting its licensing act together. It's high time since Black Duck has found that 77-percent of GitHub projects have no declared open-source license.



By Steven J. Vaughan-Nichols for Linux and Open Source | July 18, 2013 -- 11:56 GMT (04:56 PDT) | Topic: Open Source

Simon Phipps, director of the Open Source Initiative, pointed out a problem late in 2012 with GitHub, the popular open-source development community site. Most of the GitHub-hosted projects did not have *any* license. By default, that made the programs subject to copyright protection with all rights reserved exclusively for the author. This means it's not open source at all! Months later, GitHub's executives have finally addressed this glaring problem by adopting a new policy to encourage developers to use proper open-source licenses.

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77-percent of GitHub projects have no declared open-source license.

Simon Phipps, director of the Open Source Initiative, pointed out a problem late in 2012 with GitHub, the popular open-source development community site. Most of the GitHub-hosted projects did not have any license. By default, that made the programs subject to copyright

protection with all rights reserved exclusively for the author. This means it's not open source at all! Months later, GitHub's executives have finally addressed this glaring problem by adopting a new policy to encourage developers to use proper open-source licenses.

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# GitHub improves open-source licensing polices

GitHub, the popular open-source development community site, is finally getting its licensing act together. It's high time since Black Duck has found that 77-percent of GitHub projects have no declared open-source license.

77-percent of GitHub projects have no declared open-source license.

42 percent of GitHub projects actually have embedded licenses

projects did not have any license. By default, that made the programs subject to copyright protection with all rights reserved exclusively for the author. This means it's not open source at all! Months later, GitHub's executives have finally addressed this glaring problem by adopting a new policy to encourage developers to use proper open-source licenses.



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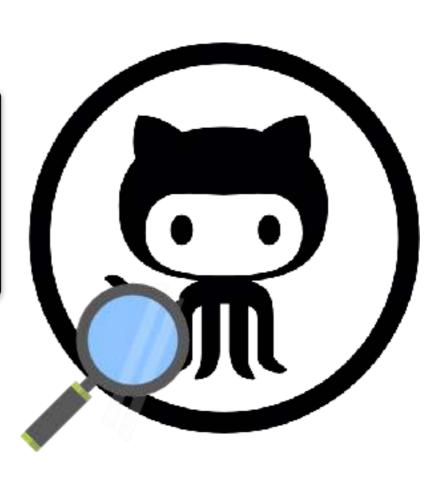
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package com.cloud.agent;
import com.cloud.agent.api.AgentControlAnswer;
import com.cloud.agent.api.AgentControlCommand;
import com.cloud.exception.AgentControlChannelException;
public interface IAgentControl {
    void registerControlListener(IAgentControlListener listener);
    void unregisterControlListener(IAgentControlListener listener);
    AgentControlAnswer sendRequest(AgentControlCommand cmd, int timeoutInMilliseconds) throws AgentControlChannelException;
    void postRequest(AgentControlCommand cmd) throws AgentControlChannelException;
```

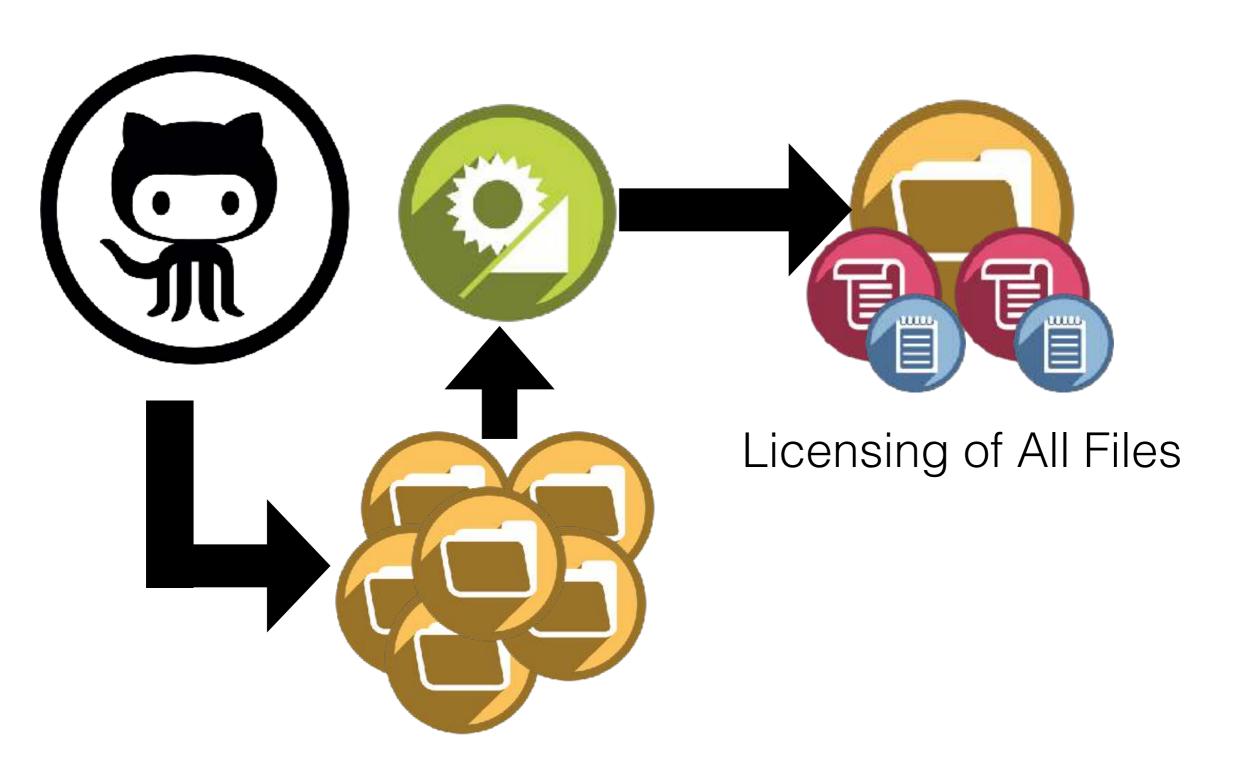
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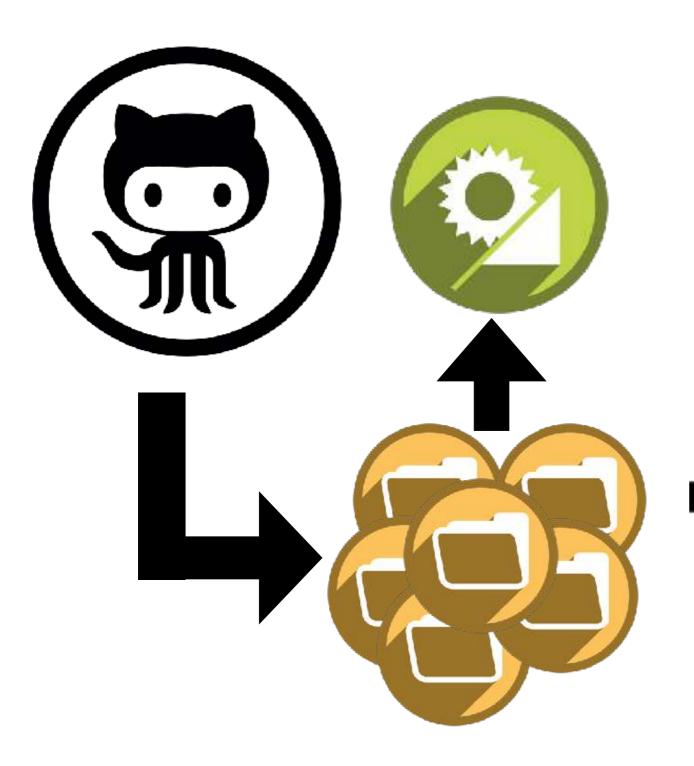
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How do I figure out the licensing?!







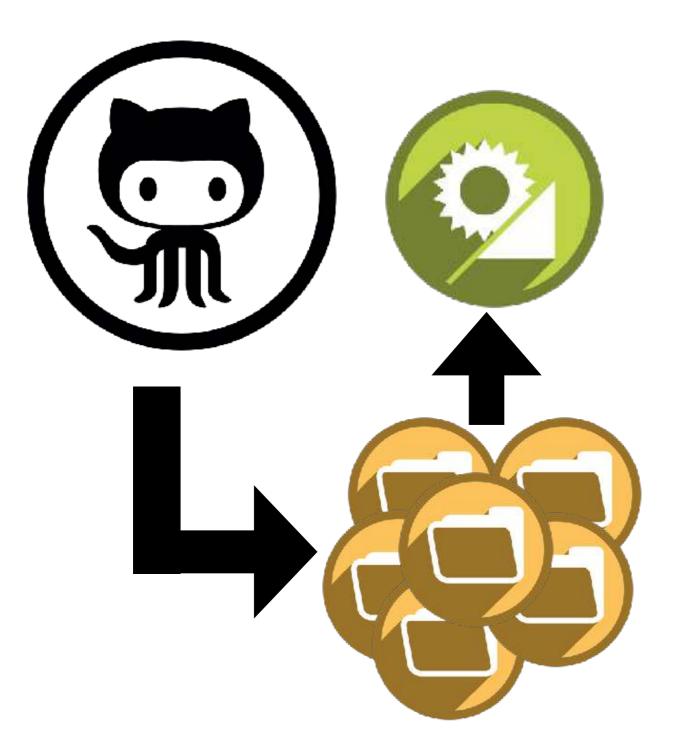


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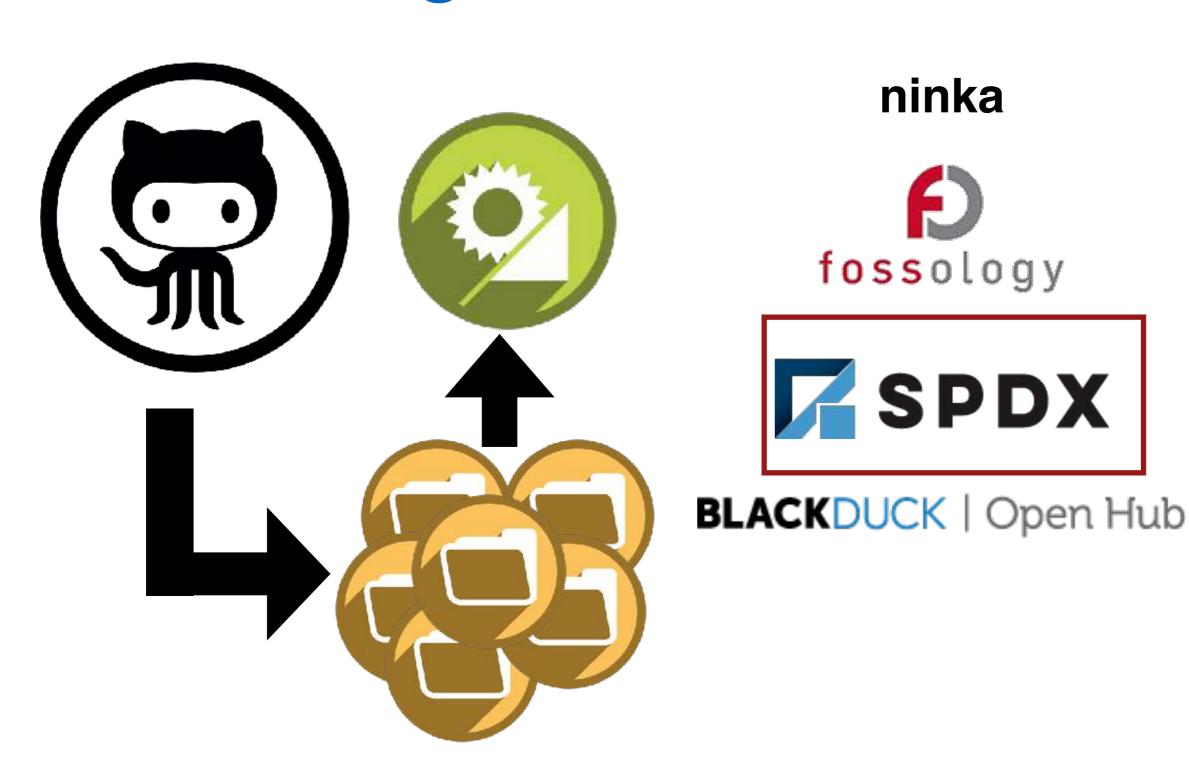


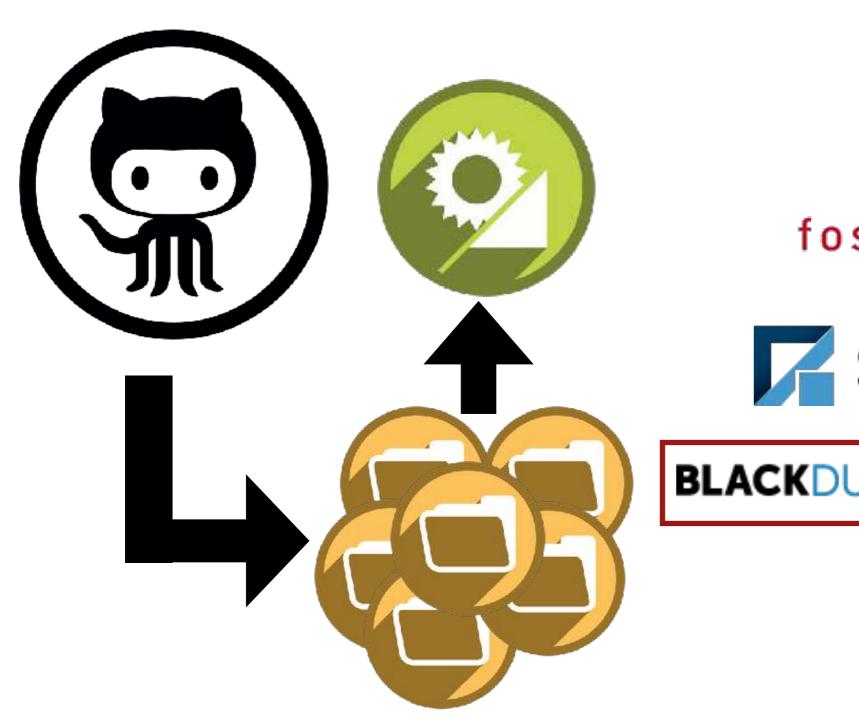






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# Licensing Can Change

GPL, copyleft use declining faster than

## OPEN FOR DISCUSSION

By Brian Proffitt FOLLOW









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raises the question: why?

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Data suggests a sharper rate of decline, which

A new analysis of licensing data shows that not only is use of the GPL and other copyleft licenses continuing to decline, but the rate of disuse is actually accelerating.

That was the conclusion of Matthew Aslett's analysis of recent data from Black Duck Software, which shows that while use of the GPL, LGPL, and AGPL set of copyleft. licenses dominates free and open source projects, that use is still on the decline.

"The GPL family now accounts for about 57% of all open source software, compared to 61% in June," Aslett wrote. More troubling for copyleft advocates, though, could be the projection Aslett and the 451 Group make based on the data.

"...[I]f the current rate of decline continues, we project that the GPL family of licenses will account for only 50% of all open source software by September 2012."

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The website will aid the OpenSSL team's efforts to contact everyone who has contributed to the project so far, which includes nearly 400 individuals with a total of more than 31,000 commits. The current license dates back to the 1990's and is more than 20 years old. The open source community has grown and changed since then, and has mostly settled on a small number of standard licenses.

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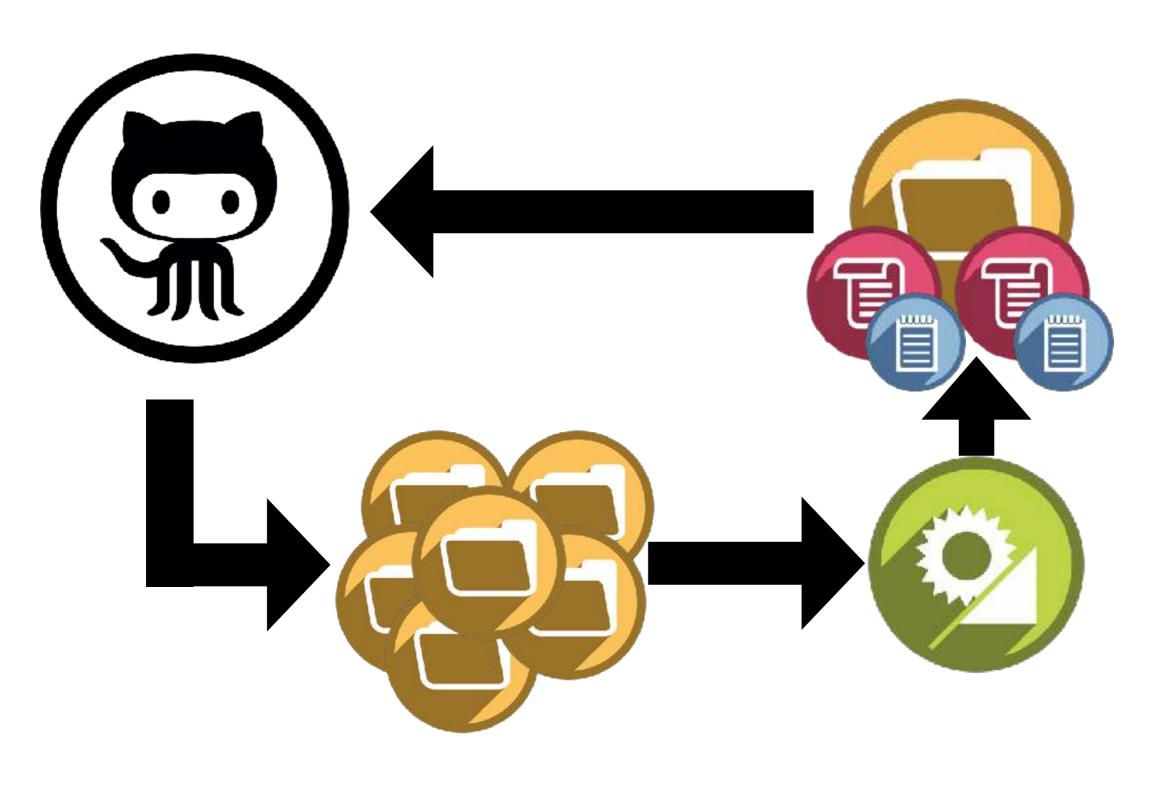
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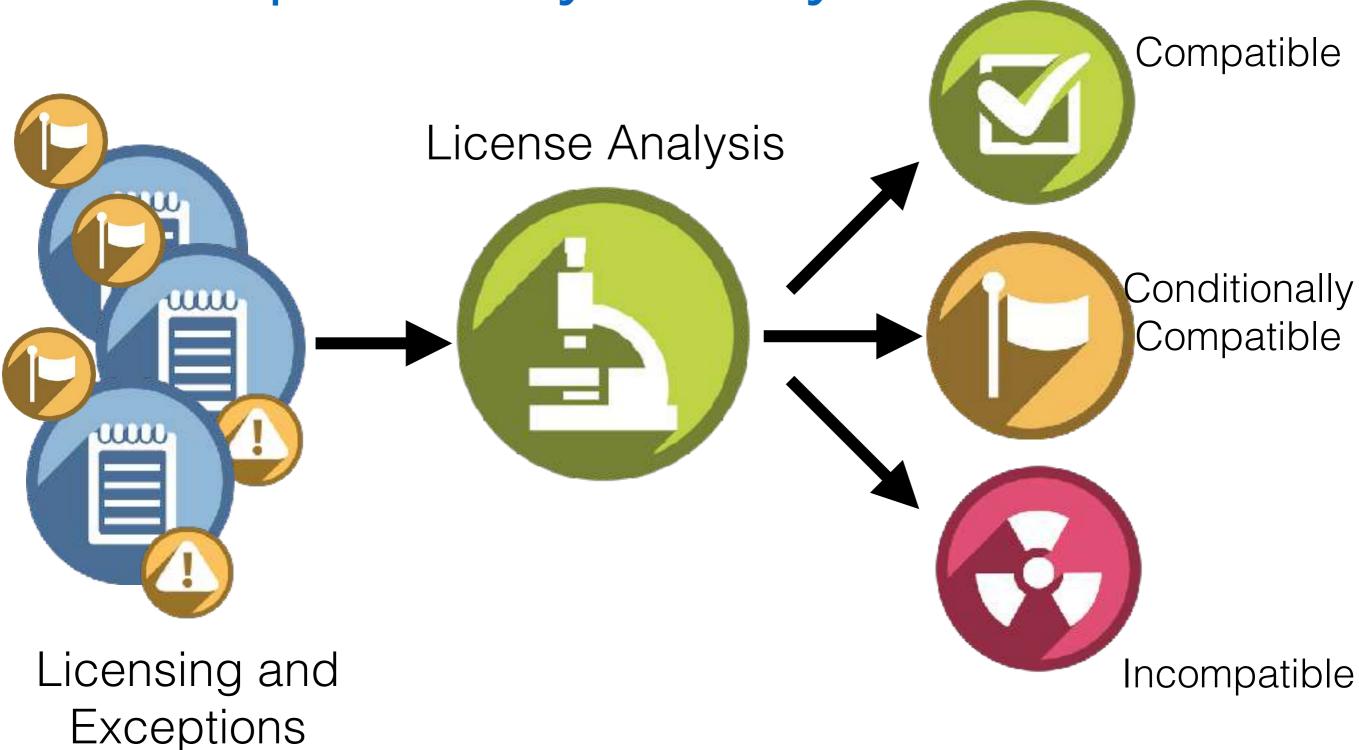
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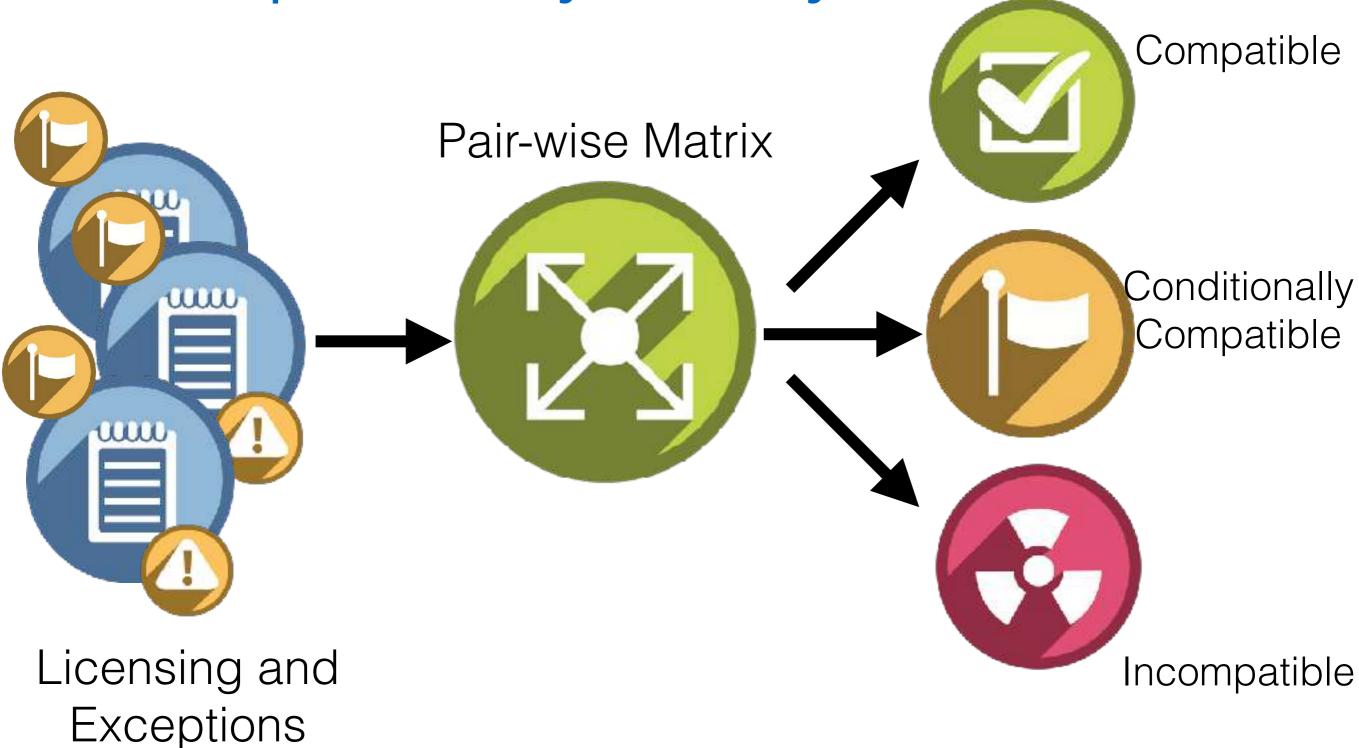
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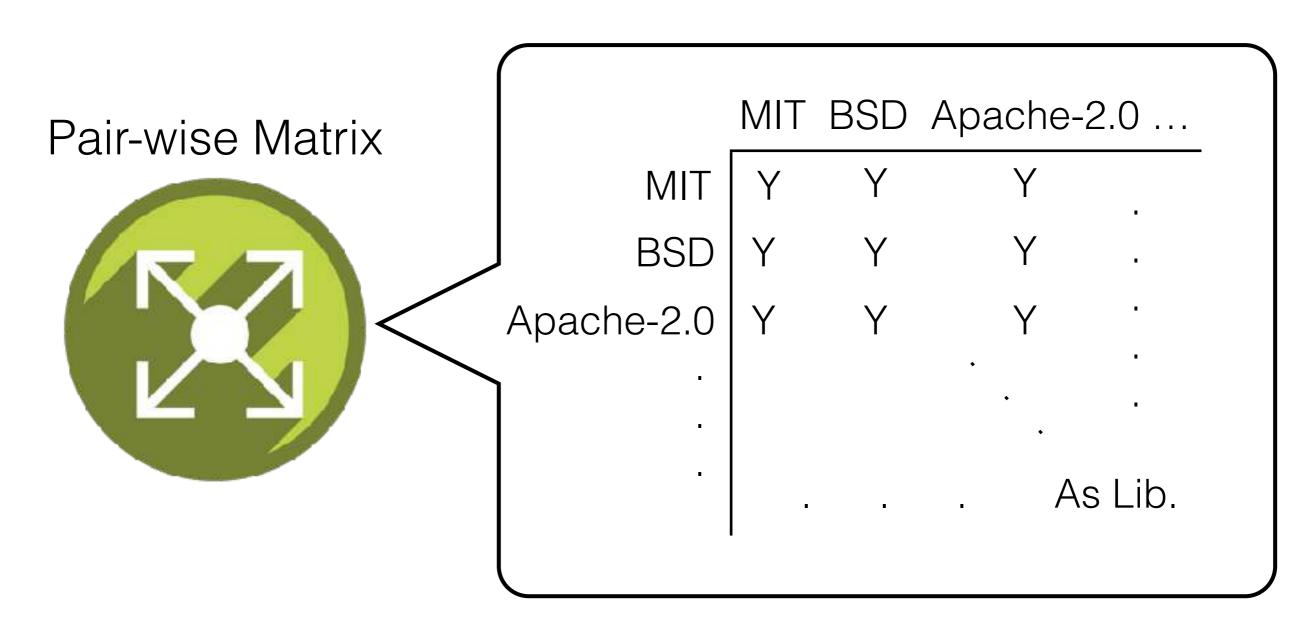
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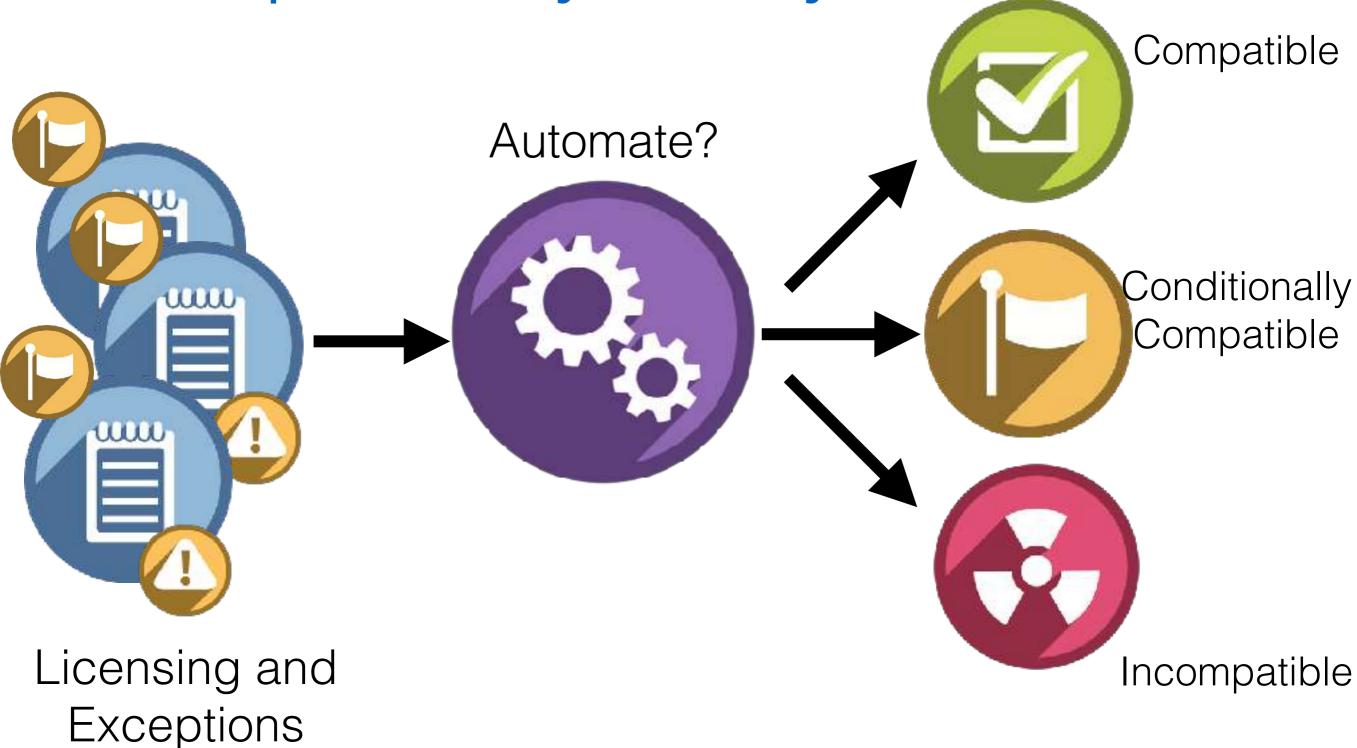


# Open Challenges

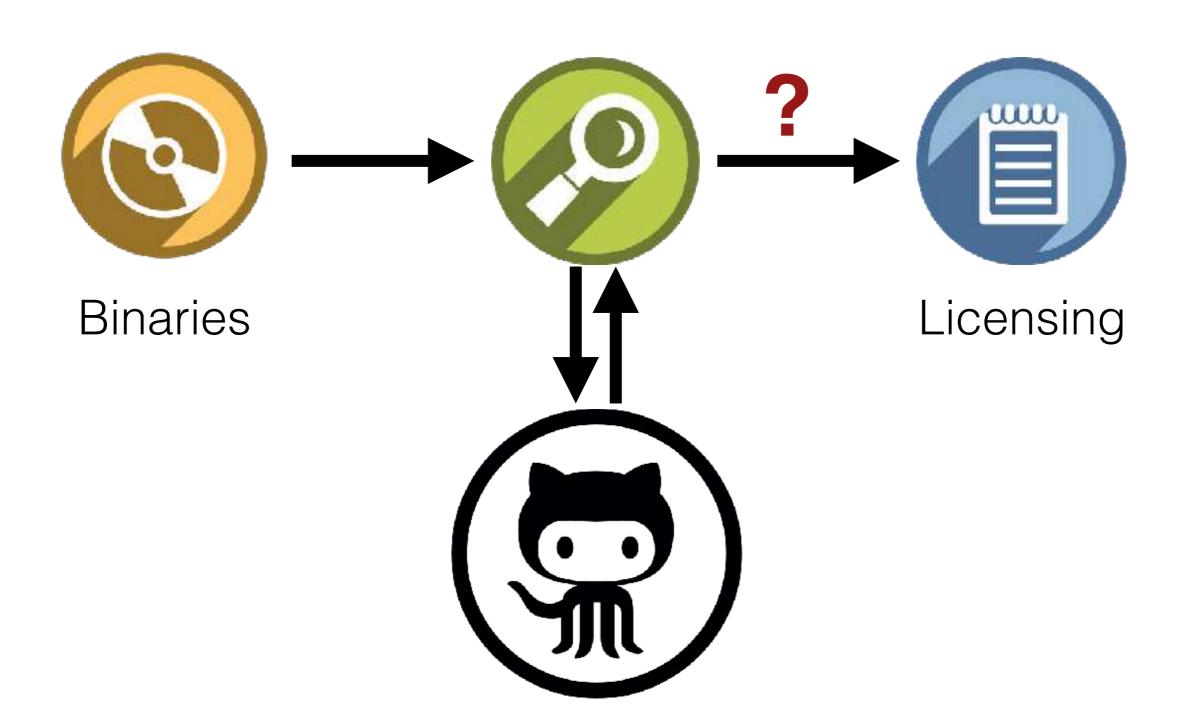


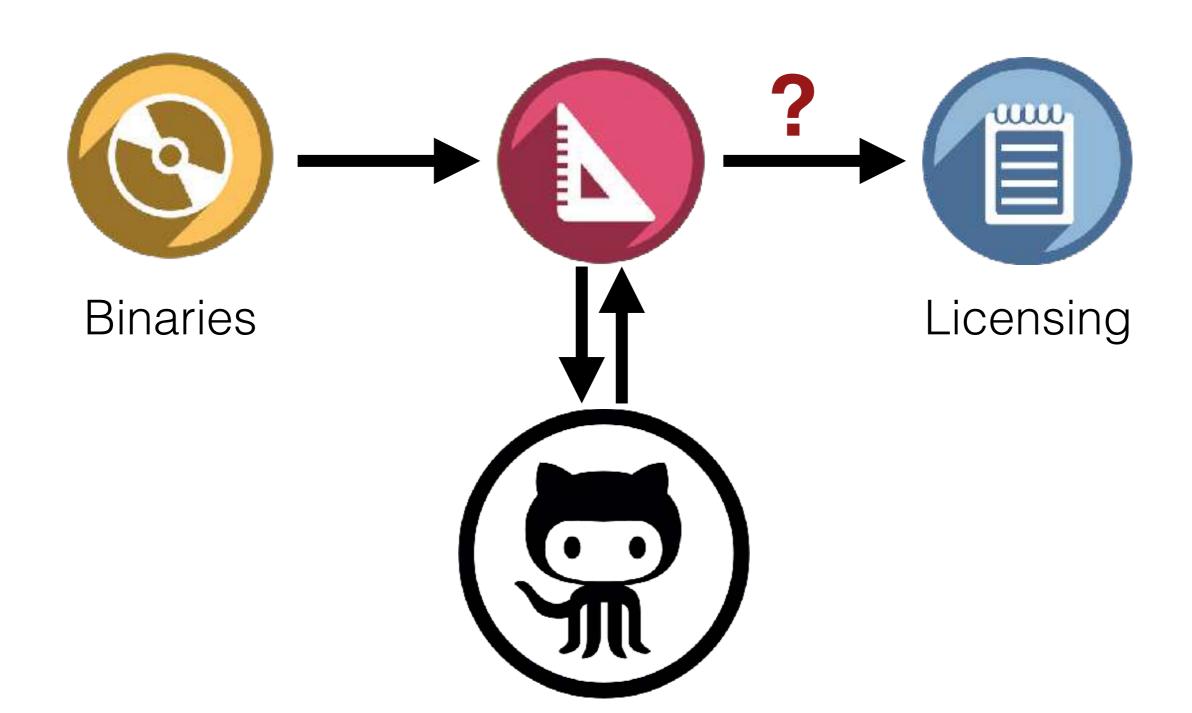


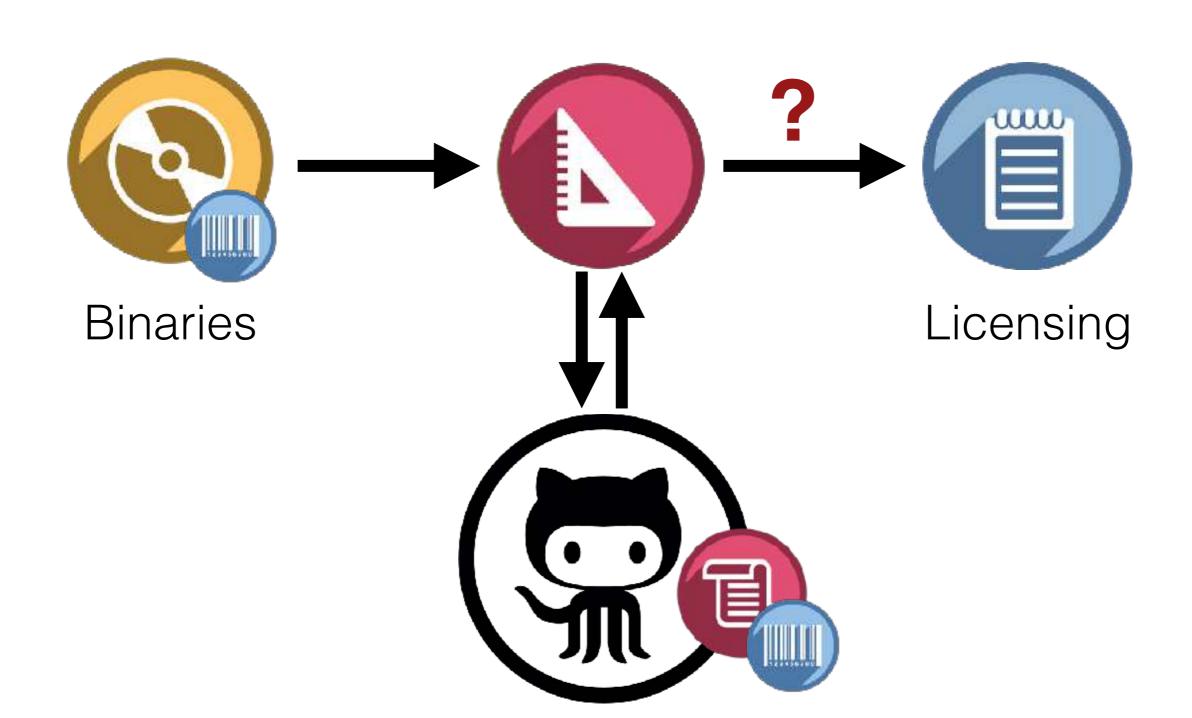


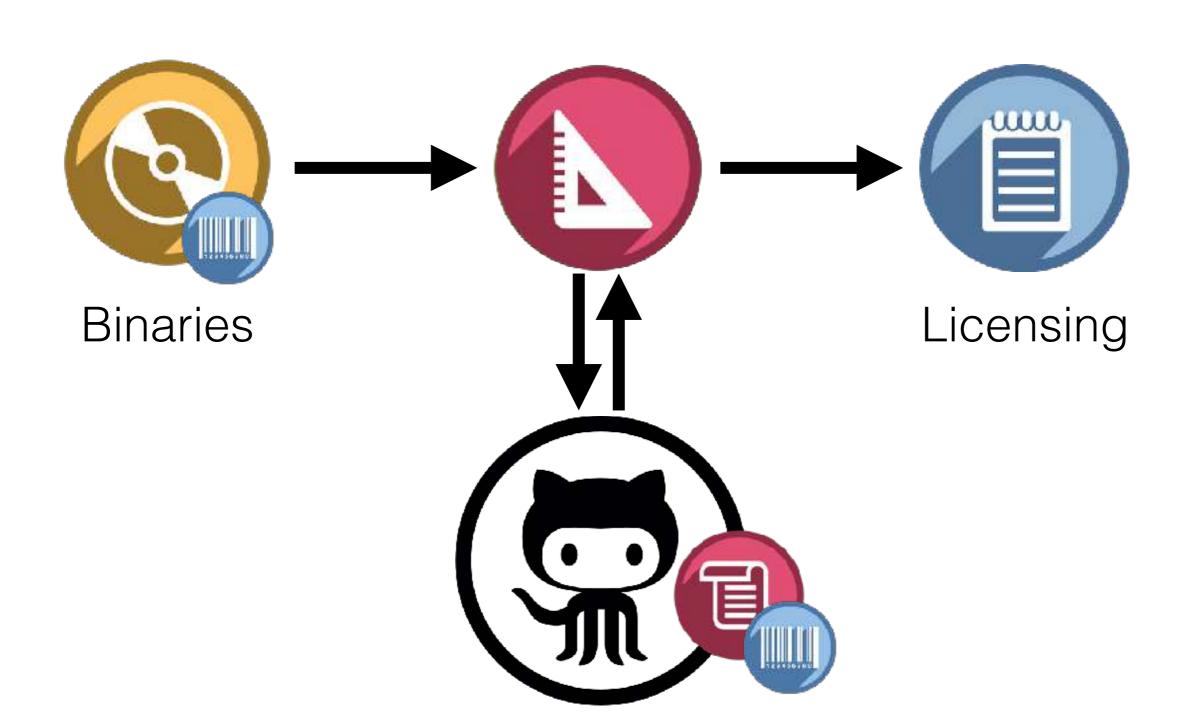












```
/* -*- Mode: C++; tab-width: 2; indent-tabs-mode: nil; c-basic-offset: 2 -*- */
/* ***** BEGIN LICENSE BLOCK *****
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  the terms of any one of the MPL, the GPL or the LGPL.
 * ***** END LICENSE BLOCK ***** */
#include "nsXULAppAPI.h'
                                                      Copyright
                                                                     Copyright
                                                      statement
#ifdef XP WIN
                                   Contributor
```



```
/* -*- Mode: C++; tab-width: 2; indent-tabs-mode: nil; c-basic-offset: 2 -*- */
/* ***** BEGIN LICENSE BLOCK *****
* Version: MPL 1.1/GPL 2.0/LGPL 2.1
* The contents of this file are subject to the Mozilla Public License Version
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 * ***** END LICENSE BLOCK ***** */
#include "nsXULAppAPI.h"
                                                       Copyright
                                                                     Copyright
                                                       statement
#ifdef XP WIN
                                   Contributor
```

## Copyright Implications

#### Update: Oracle awarded \$1.3 billion in SAP lawsuit

The amount is slightly less than what Oracle's damages expert recommended but far more than SAP said it should pay











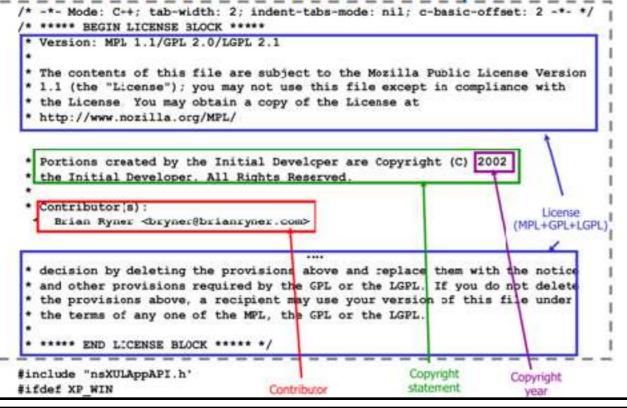




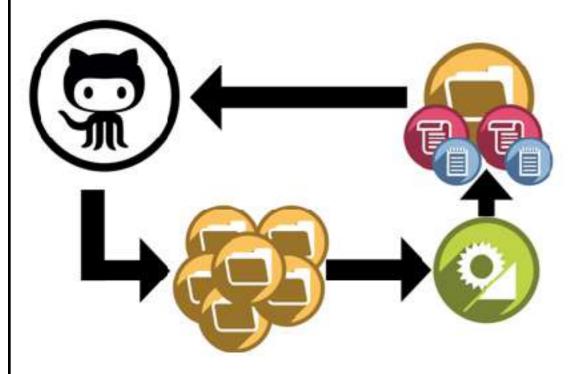
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## Identifying Licensing



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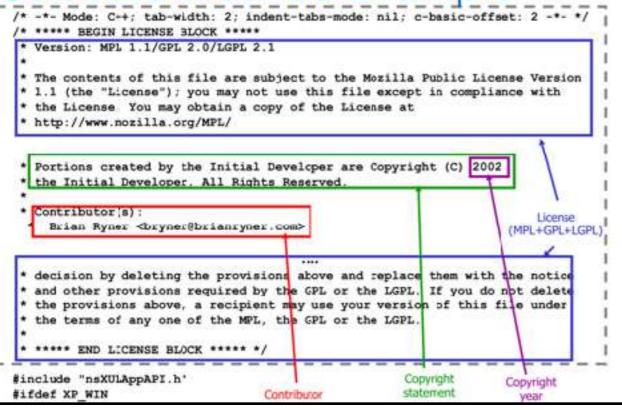




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